CLAIMS

- 1. A method of identifying service affecting conditions in the access portion of a network through which a plurality of subscribers are connected to a central point, with a modem at the central point and a modem at the remote point of the connection to each subscriber, the method comprising:
 - a) obtaining measurements of the electrical characteristics of a subscriber line:
 - b) obtaining information from a modem connected to the subscriber line concerning the performance of the subscriber line;
 - c) using the measured electrical characteristics and the information from the modem to identify a service affecting condition.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the subscriber line comprises a telephone line carrying DSL service.
 - 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the DSL service is ADSL.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the subscriber line comprises a virtual line created by a connection in a local loop of a cable system.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the modem information is obtained through the MIB interface of the modem.
- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the measured electrical characteristics are used to determine a reference and the service affecting conditions are identified by comparing the modem information to the reference.
 - 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the electrical measurements indicate the length of the subscriber line.

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- 8. The method of claim 7 wherein the modem information provides the bit loading and the reference is selected from a set that includes bit loadings for lines of different lengths.
- 5 9. The method of claim 1 wherein the service affecting condition is a source of interference.
 - 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the measured electrical characteristics are used to select a reference representing a line without the service affecting condition present.
 - 11. The method of claim 1 additionally comprising reporting the results of identifying a service affecting condition.

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- 15 12. The method of claim 11 wherein reporting includes reporting whether a source of interference is present on the subscriber line.
 - 13. The method of claim 11 wherein reporting includes reporting on the type of interference source present.
 - 14. The method of claim 11 wherein the report is a graph of the difference between a reference set of parameters and the measured parameters on the subscriber line.
 - 15. The method of claim 1 wherein the modem at the central point and the modem and the remote point communicate information by modulating a plurality of tones and the information concerning the performance of the subscriber line includes a plurality of per-tone pieces of information on the performance of the subscriber line, each piece of information corresponding to one of the tones.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein identifying a service affecting condition includes comparing the per-tone performance information reference per-tone information.

17. A method of identifying service affecting conditions in the access portion of a network through which a plurality of subscribers are connected to a central point, with a modem at the central point and a modem at the remote point of the connection to each subscriber, the method comprising:

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- a) obtaining information from a modem connected to the subscriber line concerning the data transmission rate as a function of frequency of the subscriber line;
- b) analyzing the data on transmission rate as a function of frequency to determine whether it contains a pattern indicative of a service affecting condition; and
- c) identifying a service affecting condition on the subscriber line when a pattern associated with that service affecting condition is identified.
- 18. The method of claim 17 wherein the pattern for the same service affecting condition is different for subscriber lines of different lengths.
- 19. The method of claim 17 additionally comprising determining the length of the subscriber line and selecting a pattern indicative of a service affecting condition includes selecting a pattern based on the length of the line.
 - 20. The method of claim 17 wherein the subscriber line is an ADSL line and the length of the ADSL line is estimated from the upstream attenuation obtained from a modern connected to the subscriber line.
 - 21. The method of claim 17 wherein the service affecting condition is interference.
 - 22. The method of 21 additionally comprising identifying the source of interference.

- 23. The method of claim 17 wherein the subscriber line is an ADSL line and the service affecting condition is selected from a set of conditions that includes an idle T1 circuit in the same cable bundle.
- 24. A method of identifying service affecting conditions in the access portion of a network through which a plurality of subscribers are connected to a central point, with a modem at the central point and a modem at the remote point of the connection to each subscriber that communicate by modulating a plurality of tones, the method comprising:

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- a) obtaining per-tone information from a modem connected to the subscriber line indicating performance of the for each of a plurality of tones;
- b) analyzing the per-tone information as a function of frequency to determine whether it contains a pattern indicative of a service affecting condition; and
- c) identifying a service affecting condition on the subscriber line when a pattern associated with that service affecting condition is identified.
- 25. The method of claim 24 wherein the per-tone information is bit rate per tone.
- 26. The method of claim 24 wherein the per-tone information is signal to noise ratio per tone.
- 27. The method of claim 24 wherein the per-tone information is attenuation per tone.